Integrated Carbon Metrics (ICM)





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Integrated Carbon Metrics – Project Goals

- Enable the analysis of the 'carbon fabric' of the built environment
- Provide data and tools to
- Assess the carbon performance of precincts, projects, sectors and cities
- Quantitatively evaluate low-carbon scenarios
- Cooperate between researchers, industry, local and state authorities











C embodied in services

C embodied in materials

C embodied in equipment (capital goods)

C embodied in transport

Operational C

Life cycle carbon emissions (of a building)



Reference: Ibn-Mohammed et al. (2013) Operational vs. embodied emissions in buildings — A review of current trends. *Energy and Buildings*, 66(0), 232-245. <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0378778813004143</u>























kg CO₂e / \$

(or kg, m^2 etc.)









ICM Tool > Product Explorer

Select sector: 'Plywood'

Major contributors to the footprint of the 'Plywood' sector (kg/yr):

- 'Electricity generation' 1
- 'Other wooden builders joinery and carpentry' 2
- 'Other wood product manufacturing' 3
- 'Particle board (incl laminated) and similar board of wood or ot 4
- 5 'Road transport'
- 6 Other

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Major contributors to the footprint of the 'Road transport' sector (kg/yr):

- 'Road transport' 1
- 'Electricity generation' 2
- 3 'Oil and gas extraction'
- 'Other petroleum and coal product manufacturing' 4
- 'Postal and courier pick-up and delivery service' 5
- Other 6

TOTAL





40%

60%

20%

0%



80%

100%





TOTAL

Case study on cement and concrete









Decomposition of life-cycle GHG emissions for types of concrete









IS Materials Calculator – based on LCA

	Release date: Original release date:				20/02/2015 20/02/2015						
\sim								Level Ach	eved:		2
	Base Case	GHG (tCO2-e)	Ecopoints	Actual Case	GHG (tCO2-e)	Ecopoints	Reductions	GHG (tCO2-e)		Ecopoints	
Total	I State and the second second	5,454	7,957		3,793	5,668		1,661	30%	2,289	29%
1 Component type: Sub-component type: capacity of treatment t	Wastewater Treatment Municipal Sewage works 1,825,000 m3/yr Detail	3,584	5,253	Wastewater Treatment Municipal Sewage works 1,825,000 m3/yr Detail	2,730	4,092		854	24%	1,161	22%

Component 1:		GHG (tCO2-e)	Ecopoints		
Component:	Wastewater Treatment		2 720	4 092	Total
Sub-component:	Municipal Sewage works	5	2,730	4,052	Total
capacity of treatment fac	il 1,825,000 0	m3/yr	0.00150	0.00224	per m3/yr of wastewater treated
Asphalts					
Select Asphalt 1:	Hot Mix Asphalt				
Amount		tonnes		192	
Transport mode	None, On-Site				
Transport distance	0	km		-	
Concretes					
Select Concrete 1:	Concrete Strength Grade	e 20 Mpa 30% SCM			
Amount	1,125	tonnes	104	111	
Transport mode	Rigid Truck				
Transport distance	0.2	km	0	0	
Select Concrete 2:	Concrete Strength Grade	e 32 Mpa 20% SCM			
Amount	280	tonnes	36	38	
Transport mode	Rigid Truck				
Transport distance	0.2	km	0	0	

















This framework, called the Life Cycle Optimisation Model, will be achieved by:

- Determining the base case life cycle GHG emissions and net cost of 2 typical Australian building typologies in 2 different climate zones
 - Identifying the key passive building elements (and their alternatives) used to lower operational GHG emissions in these buildings.
 - Determining the implications on the life cycle GHG emissions and net cost of using these alternative elements.







Embodied vs operational energy



Stephan, A., Crawford, R. H. and de Myttenaere, K. (2013) A comprehensive assessment of the life cycle energy demand of passive houses. *Applied Energy*, **112**(0), 23-34. <u>http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0306261913004996</u>















Outputs from Precinct Carbon App



The results of a precinct assessment of Fisherman's Bend.















Precinct Information Modelling - Scenarios



Precinct Scenario Analysis and Planning



Precincts Annual Energy Off-set **Embodied Emission Operational Emission** Travelling Emission 8000.00 7000.00 6000.00 5000.00 4000.00 3000.00 2000.00 1000.00 0.00 Solar hot water PV electricity Total

Brompton and District Andrews Farm

File Precinct Energy Intensity Requirements Solar Simulation

Precinct Energy Management System 2015a - Untitled

Embodied Energy

Operational Energy Recurrent E

File Precinct Energy Intensity Requirements Solar Simulation

Sim

Location

Site Layout

User Profile

Weatherdata

Scenarios

PRECINCTS ANNUAL EMISSION Embodied Emission eDperational Emission Travelling Emission 59.26%

Brompton and District

10487.54

33047.07

12228.59

Solar Simulation Sun path Solar radiation on surfaces

Shades from surroundings

User Guide

Andrews Farm

7429.71

41985.34

22649.38





Precinct Life-cycle Energy & Emission Modelling Tool

Precinct Energy Management System 2015a - Unt File Precinct Energy Intensity Requirements

Precinct Name











Industry sector 'carbon map' of direct and embodied emissions

Total annual GHG emissions in kt CO2-eq (excl. HH)

Industries (origin) v	Products (destination) >	Residential building construction	Non- residential building construction	Road and bridge construction	Non-building construction nec	Total emissions embodied in construction activities per year
Agriculture, Food & Fibre	e	783	2,199	218	901	4,101
Mining		2,550	2,191	795	3,190	8,725
Material manufacturing	3,147	2,090	657	2,115	8,009	
Cement & concrete		454	330	112	339	1,235
Metal production	1,365	1,036	344	952	3,696	
Equipment manufacturir	838	808	291	866	2,804	
Electricity	4,277	3,951	1,405	16,925	26,558	
Gas & water supply, was	1,959	1,388	467	1,962	5,776	
Residential building cons	822	190	13	49	1,074	
Non-residential building	208	466	27	32	733	
Road and bridge constru	15	32	73	129	249	
Repair and maintenance	2	4	9	16	31	
Non-building construction	49	107	243	429	828	
Repair and maintenance	2	4	9	16	31	
Trade & transport servic	2,994	2,262	759	3,049	9,063	
Public services		16	14	5	14	49
Business services	606	529	187	565	1,887	
Total Carbon Footprint	20,087	17,602	5,613	31,547	74,849	
		4.8%	4.2%	1.4%	7.6%	18% of all industry emissio





Integrated C Metrics for Adelaide: "City Carbon Map"

Carbon Map of the City of Adelaide

DESTINATION: Emissions embodied in products

ORIGIN:										
Emissions	kt CO2e	Agri-	Goods	Enorm	Food	Construc-	Elec-	Wasta	Trans-	Convicor
from	per year	culture	Goous	LIICI BY	roou	tion	tricity	Wasic	port	JEI VICES
industries										
Agriculture	Adelaide City	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Goods	Adelaide City	0	12	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
Energy	Adelaide City	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	2
Food	Adelaide City	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1
Construction	Adelaide City	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	1
Electricity	Adelaide City	0	3	0	5	20	38	1	1	21
Waste	Adelaide City	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1
Transport	Adelaide City	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	3
Services	Adelaide City	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	11
Agriculture	Rest of World	7	14	0	7	30	0	0	3	4
Goods	Rest of World	0	145	0	3	76	0	1	13	14
Energy	Rest of World	0	50	0	1	32	0	0	5	6
Food	Rest of World	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0
Construction	Rest of World	0	2	0	0	53	0	0	1	1
Electricity	Rest of World	0	75	0	3	177	1	1	20	10
Waste	Rest of World	0	4	0	0	15	0	2	1	0
Transport	Rest of World	0	20	0	2	33	0	0	75	8
Services	Rest of World	0	6	0	0	17	0	0	3	1



Total carbon footprint of Adelaide City: 1.1 Mt CO_2e







Suite of ICM Tools as output









ICM Tools for Infrastructure Planning – THANK YOU







